

**Beta-actin Antibody**  
**Catalog # ASC10842****Specification****Beta-actin Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P60709</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">AAH02409</a> , <a href="#">12803203</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Chicken
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgY
Application Notes	Beta-actin antibody can be used for the detection of beta-actin by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/mL.

**Beta-actin Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID	60
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	
ACTB;	

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Beta-actin antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

**Precautions**

Beta-actin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Beta-actin Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** ACTB

**Function**

Actin is a highly conserved protein that polymerizes to produce filaments that form cross-linked networks in the cytoplasm of cells (PubMed: [25255767](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25255767), PubMed: [29581253](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29581253)). Actin exists in both monomeric (G-actin) and polymeric (F-actin) forms, both forms playing key functions, such as cell motility and contraction (PubMed: [29581253](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29581253)). In addition to their role in the cytoplasmic cytoskeleton, G- and F- actin also localize in the nucleus, and regulate gene transcription and motility and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed: [29925947](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29925947)). Plays a role in the assembly of the gamma-tubulin ring complex (γTuRC), which regulates the minus-end nucleation of alpha-beta tubulin heterodimers that grow into microtubule protofilaments (PubMed: [39321809](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39321809)),

PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38609661" target="\_blank">38609661</a>). Part of the ACTR1A/ACTB filament around which the dynactin complex is built (By similarity). The dynactin multiprotein complex activates the molecular motor dynein for ultra-processive transport along microtubules (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

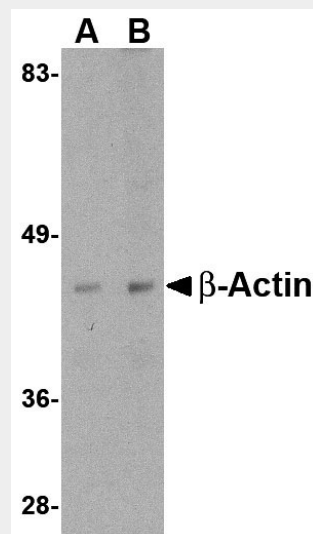
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs.

#### Beta-actin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### Beta-actin Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of actin in HeLa cell lysate with beta-actin antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.

#### Beta-actin Antibody - Background

Beta-actin Antibody: Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in cell motility, structure and integrity, processes that are crucial for tissue development and the development of organism. The actin cytoskeleton is one of the principal drivers of cell motility and is capable of responding to complex signaling cascades. Recent evidence suggests that it may play key roles in regulating apoptosis and aging. Beta actin is one of six different actin isoforms which have been identified. Like GAPDH, beta-actin is constitutively expressed at high levels in almost all tissues and cell lines making it ideal for use as a loading control marker in immunoblots.

**Beta-actin Antibody - References**

Lambrechts A, Van Troys, M and Ampe C. The actin cytoskeleton in normal and pathological cell motility. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.2004; 36:1890-909.

Gourlay CW and Ayscough KR. The actin cytoskeleton: a key regulator of apoptosis and ageing? Nat. Rev.2005; 6:583-9.